

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = 5 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$$

$$u(0,t) = u(\pi,t) = 0$$

$$u(x,0) = x(\pi-x)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow u = XT$$

$$\Rightarrow XT' = 5X''T$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{T'}{5T} = \frac{X''}{X} = -\lambda$$

$$\Rightarrow T' + 5\lambda T = 0 \Rightarrow T = a e^{-5\lambda t}$$

$$X'' + \lambda X = 0$$

$$X = c_1 \sin \lambda^{1/2} t + c_2 \cos \lambda^{1/2} t$$

(since $\lambda > 0$ is only non-trivial eigenvalue)

\Rightarrow evaluate Boundary Conditions

$$X(0) = c_2 = 0 \Rightarrow X = c_1 \sin(\lambda^{1/2} x)$$

$$\Rightarrow X(\pi) = c_1 \sin \lambda^{1/2} \pi \Rightarrow \lambda^{1/2} \pi = n\pi \Rightarrow \lambda^{1/2} = n \Rightarrow \lambda = n^2$$

$$\Rightarrow X_n = c_n \sin(nx) \Rightarrow X = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n \sin(nx)$$

$$\Rightarrow u = XT = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n e^{-5n^2 t} \sin(nx)$$

\Rightarrow evaluate initial condition

$$u(x,0) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n \sin(nx) = x(\pi-x)^2$$

"Fourier Sin Series"

$$\Rightarrow C_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x(\pi-x)^2 \sin(nx) dx$$

$$C_n = \frac{4}{n^3} (-1)^n + \frac{8}{n^3} = \begin{cases} \frac{4}{n^3} & n \text{ odd} \\ \frac{12}{n^3} & n \text{ even} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow u(x,t) = 4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^3} ((-1)^n + 2) e^{-5n^2 t} \sin(nx)$$